

127.0.0.1 VS 127.0.1.1

/via:

<https://askubuntu.com/questions/754213/what-is-difference-between-localhost-address-127-0-0-1-and-127-0-1-1>

As your machine gets started, it will need to know the mapping of some hostnames to IP addresses before DNS can be referenced. This mapping is kept in the `/etc/hosts` file. In the absence of a name server, any network program on your system consults this file to determine the IP address that corresponds to a host name.

The loopback device is a special, virtual network interface that your computer uses to communicate with itself. It is used mainly for diagnostics and troubleshooting, and to connect to servers running on the local machine.

The loopback is interface `lo` and the IP address is `127.0.0.1` by default.

```
127.0.0.1 localhost
```

Debian, then Ubuntu, choose to define `127.0.1.1` for mapping the IP address of your `host_name` in case that you have no network.

The `host_name` matches the hostname defined in `/etc/hostname`.

For a system with a permanent IP address, that permanent IP address should be used here instead of `127.0.1.1`.

```
127.0.1.1 host_name
```

From:

<https://matebcn.eu/> - **miguel angel torres egea**

Permanent link:

<https://matebcn.eu/linux:dns:127>

Last update: **08/07/2025 08:48**

